Case 2:24-cr	-00113-DMG Document	1 Filed 01/29/24 Page 1 of 23 Page ID #:1	
AO 91 (Rev. 11/11) Crimin	al Complaint (Rev. by USAO on 3	3/12/20) □ Original □ Duplicate Original	
CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT 1/29/2024 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY: TV DEPTUTY		FILED CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT for the strict of California FILED CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT 1/29/2024 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY:\[LINE LINE DEPUTY LINE DEPUTY	
United States of Amer	ica		
V.			
GEOVANY DANIEL SIERRA,		Case No. 2:24-mj-00454	
,			
Defendant			
		LAINT BY TELEPHONE LE ELECTRONIC MEANS	
I, the complaina	nt in this case, state that the	following is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.	
On or about the date(s)	of October 19, 2023 in the c	ounty of Los Angeles in the Central District of California,	
the defendant(s) violate	d:		
Code Section		Offense Description	
21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a)(1), (b)(1)(B)		Distribution of a Controlled Substance	
This criminal co	omplaint is based on these fac	ets:	
Please see atta			
⊠ Continued on the attached sheet.			
		Emma Largerie, ATF Special Agent	
Attested to by the anni	icant in accordance with the	Printed name and title requirements of Fed. R. Crim. P. 4.1 by telephone	

Judge's signature

Hon. Charles Eick, U.S. Magistrate Judge Printed name and title

1/29/24

City and state: Los Angeles, California

Date:

AFFIDAVIT

I, Emma Largerie, being duly sworn, declare and state as follows:

I. INTRODUCTION

1. I am a Special Agent with the Bureau of Alcohol,
Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives ("ATF") and have been a
federal law enforcement officer since March 2023. I am
currently assigned to the Los Angeles Field Division, where I
participate in investigations involving, among other federal
offenses, prohibited persons possessing firearms, persons
trafficking firearms and controlled substances, and persons
possessing illegal firearms. I have also participated in
investigations focusing on gang activity and transnational
organizations. I have participated in multiple ATF operations
and assisted local police investigating violations of firearms
and narcotics laws. I have also received both basic and
specialized training about violations of federal firearm laws
and the methods used to investigate those violations.

II. PURPOSE OF AFFIDAVIT

- 2. This affidavit is made in support of a criminal complaint and arrest warrant against GEOVANY DANIEL SIERRA ("SIERRA") for violations of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1), (b)(1)(B): Distribution of a Controlled Substance.
- 3. This affidavit is also made in support of an application for warrants to search 620 Illinois Ct. Apt 17, El Segundo, California 90245 ("SUBJECT PREMISES 1") as described more fully in Attachment A-1, storage unit C231 located at 1910

Hughes Way, El Segundo, California 90245 ("SUBJECT PREMISES 2") as described more fully in Attachment A-2, a blue Toyota minivan bearing California license plate 5PTU385 ("SUBJECT VEHICLE 1") as described more fully in Attachment A-3, a gold Nissan minivan bearing California license plate 4FJU973 ("SUBJECT VEHICLE 2") as described more fully in Attachment A-4, and the person of SIERRA, as described more fully in Attachment A-5, for the items to be seized described in Attachment B, which are the evidence, fruits, or instrumentalities of violations of 18 U.S.C. § 371 (conspiracy), 18 U.S.C. § 922(a)(1)(A) (engaging in the business of dealing firearms without a license), 18 U.S.C. § 933 (trafficking in firearms), 21 U.S.C. § 846 (conspiracy and attempt to distribute controlled substances), and 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1) (distribution of controlled substances) (the "Subject Offenses"). Attachments A-1, A-2, A-3, A-4, A-5, and B are incorporated herein by reference.

4. The facts set forth in this affidavit are based upon my personal observations, my training and experience, and information obtained from various law enforcement personnel and witnesses. This affidavit is intended to show merely that there is sufficient probable cause for the requested complaint, arrest warrant, and search warrants, and does not purport to set forth all of my knowledge of or investigation into this matter.

Unless specifically indicated otherwise, all conversations and statements described in this affidavit are related in substance and in part only.

III. SUMMARY OF PROBABLE CAUSE

5. As discussed below, between September 2023 and
December 2023, undercover ATF Special Agents ("UCs") purchased
approximately nine firearms, one machine gun conversion device,
and approximately 1,500 fentanyl pills from SIERRA. On October
19, 2023, in a recorded transaction, SIERRA sold approximately
500 pills with a net weight of 53.4 grams that contained
fentanyl to a confidential informant working with the ATF.

SIERRA does not have a federal firearms license that would allow
him to engage in the business of dealing in firearms.

IV. STATEMENT OF PROBABLE CAUSE

6. Based on my review of law enforcement reports, conversations with other law enforcement agents, and my own knowledge of the investigation, I am aware of the following:

A. On September 28, 2023, SIERRA Sells UC-1 Two Firearms

7. Based on my conversations with a confidential informant (the "CI"), I am aware that original contact between the CI and SIERRA began in approximately April 2023. On September 15, 2023, the CI, working at the ATF's direction and under its supervision, informed me that a Telegram account, named @dannypu61, which the CI informed ATF was SIERRA's account, had messaged him/her about prescription drugs available

¹ In early September 2023, the subject of a Los Angeles Police Department narcotics investigation voluntarily became an ATF CI. The CI has not yet been charged for the narcotics trafficking conduct. The CI has a felony conviction of arson of property. To date, ATF has paid the CI \$1,000 to assist with rent and monthly bills. As set forth below, agents have taken steps to corroborate information provided by the CI and have found the CI to be reliable and credible.

for purchase.² The CI asked **SIERRA** if the firearms that were previously offered for sale in June 2023 were still available for purchase. **SIERRA** agreed and sent the CI photographs of two firearms.

- 8. On September 20, 2023, SIERRA contacted the CI and sent a different photograph of two firearms for sale. The CI offered SIERRA \$850 per firearm or \$1,500 for both. SIERRA agreed to sell both firearms for \$1,500. The CI informed me that through previous contact he/she had met with SIERRA at two separate locations: (1) storage unit C231 located at a Public Storage facility at 1910 Hughes Way, El Segundo, California 90245 (i.e., SUBJECT PREMISES 2), and (2) near a park on E. Palm Ave in El Segundo, California.
- 9. On September 28, 2023, after being introduced by the CI to SIERRA as a purported firearms purchaser, an undercover ATF agent ("UC-1") purchased two firearms from SIERRA at a parking lot dictated by SIERRA across the street from the Public Storage facility where SUBJECT PREMISES 2 is located. I have reviewed recording device footage and the report from this event. Based on my review of the recording device footage and conversations with UC-1, I know the following:
- a. **SIERRA** entered UC-1's vehicle with a bag. While inside UC-1's vehicle, **SIERRA** opened the bag and removed a ziplock bag containing a Taurus, model G2C, 9mm pistol bearing serial number ADE390310 with an inserted magazine and a box of

² Messages between the CI and SIERRA from early September 2023 onward were preserved and I or other agents have reviewed these messages discussed herein.

9mm Winchester ammunition. SIERRA then removed a second ziplock bag containing a Smith & Wesson, model M&P 40 shield, .40 caliber pistol bearing serial number JFL0921 with a magazine inserted and an extra magazine. He sold the firearms and magazines to UC-1 for \$1,500. SIERRA also said that if UC-1 wanted privately manufactured firearms ("ghost guns"), his source charges approximately \$900 because they are untraceable. SIERRA told UC-1 that the firearms are transported from Texas.

- b. **SIERRA** exited UC-1's vehicle and entered the driver's side of a blue Toyota minivan bearing California license plate 5PTU385 ("SUBJECT VEHCLE 1") to leave the site.
- enforcement databases, a police report, and California

 Department of Motor Vehicles ("DMV") records, I learned that

 SUBJECT VEHICLE 1 was registered to Claudia M. Herrera, with an address of 620 Illinois Ct. Apt 17, in El Segundo, California

 90245 (i.e., SUBJECT PREMISES 1). SIERRA's listed address on his California driver's license is also SUBJECT PREMISES 1. In addition, according to an El Segundo Police Department report dated October 15, 2023, SIERRA informed the police that SUBJECT PREMISES 1 was his place of residence.
- 11. Based on law enforcement reports and discussing with UC-1, I am aware that after completing the deal, UC-1 contacted SIERRA, via the Telegram application under the username, @dannypu61. SIERRA replied, informing UC-1 that he had found other firearms for sale and proceeded to send UC-1 a photograph of the firearms.

12. Following the transaction, agents compared SIERRA's DMV photograph with the individual in the recorded footage from the September 28, 2023, purchase, confirming the individual in the video as GEOVANY DANIEL SIERRA, date of birth 02/28/2004, with California Driver's License Number Y6304118. SIERRA's California Department of Motor Vehicle records list him as standing 5'10" tall with black hair and brown eyes.

B. On October 5, 2023, SIERRA Sells UC-1 1,000 Fentanyl Pills

- 13. Based on my review of messages between UC-1 and SIERRA, and conversations with UC-1, I am aware that between September 28 and October 5, 2023, UC-1 and SIERRA had consistent conversations about the sale of firearms and narcotics via the Telegram application. On September 28, 2023, SIERRA asked UC-1 the amount of methamphetamine he/she wanted to purchase. UC-1 said approximately two ounces. SIERRA then offered to sell UC-1 1,000 fentanyl pills for \$1,100.
- 14. On October 5, 2023, UC-1 purchased one thousand fentanyl pills from **SIERRA**. I have reviewed recording device footage and the report from this event and had a conversation with UC-1, and I am aware of the following:
- a. Based on my review, I know that prior to UC-1 arriving at the meetup location, surveillance units saw SIERRA bend over, pick up an object from behind a nearby bush, and then exit onto E. Palm Avenue from the Illinois Court apartments located in El Segundo, California. SUBJECT PREMISES 1 is an apartment within the Illinois Court apartments, and the

direction that SIERRA exited the apartment complex from was consistent with where SUBJECT PREMISES 1 is located. SIERRA then stood on the sidewalk holding a small black bag while operating what appeared to be the cellular phone associated to the number 310-978-7198 (the "Subject Telephone") because he interacted with the device at the same time UC-1 was sending him messages. As discussed below, SIERRA later confirmed he was using the Subject Telephone because he provided that number to a second undercover ATF agent ("UC-2").

- 15. Shortly thereafter, SIERRA was observed walking up to the driver's side of UC-1's vehicle. SIERRA handed UC-1 a black plastic bag through the driver's side window of UC-1's vehicle. SIERRA entered the front passenger seat of UC-1's vehicle. UC-1 opened the black plastic bag and saw four bottles of generic Xanax pills and a white paper bag containing a clear plastic bag containing approximately 1,000 fentanyl pills, all of which SIERRA sold to UC-1 for \$1,700. Later laboratory testing showed there to be 1,005 pills with a net weight of 105.1 grams containing fentanyl.
- 16. During the recorded transaction, SIERRA confirmed that the two firearms purchased by UC-1 on September 28, 2023, were transported from Texas. SIERRA stated that the source of the firearms from Texas would be acquiring more for sale.
 - C. On October 19, 2023, SIERRA Sells UC-1 Five Hundred Fentanyl Pills and was Given Approximately Two Grams of Methamphetamine for Free
- 17. Based on my review of messages between UC-1 and SIERRA, and conversations with UC-1, I am aware that between

October 6 and October 19, 2023, UC-1 and SIERRA had consistent conversations about the sale of firearms and narcotics via the Telegram application. Specifically, on October 17, UC-1 asked SIERRA if he had more fentanyl pills for sale. SIERRA asked UC-1 approximately how many fentanyl pills he/she wanted to purchase. UC-1 said 1,000 fentanyl pills. On October 18, SIERRA confirmed the narcotics were available for purchase by UC-1. On October 19, prior to the controlled purchase, SIERRA sent UC-1 a picture of approximately 500 fentanyl pills and approximately two grams of methamphetamine.

- 18. On October 19, 2023, UC-1 purchased five hundred fentanyl pills, which later lab testing determined had a net weight of 53.4 grams and contained fentanyl. I have reviewed recording device footage, the report from this event, and had a conversation with UC-1, and am aware of the following:
- a. Prior to the UC arriving, surveillance units observed **SIERRA** drive into the parking lot of 101 S. Sepulveda Boulevard, El Segundo, California in a gold Nissan minivan bearing California license plate 4FJU973 ("SUBJECT VEHICLE 2").
- b. During this meeting, **SIERRA** delivered to UC-1 approximately 500 pills in exchange for \$500.
- c. During this meeting, SIERRA also handed UC-1 two gross grams of suspected methamphetamine as a free sample.

 SIERRA stated to UC-1 that if he/she wanted to purchase more methamphetamine from the source of the sample he/she should inform SIERRA and he would facilitate the sale.

- 19. Following the transaction, based on my review of law enforcement databases, I learned that SUBJECT VEHICLE 2 was registered to Amilcar Jeovany Sierra, with an address of SUBJECT PREMISES 1.
 - D. On November 8, 2023, SIERRA Sells UC-2 Six Firearms, A Machine Gun Conversion Device, and Gave UC-2 .98 Grams of Methamphetamine for Free
- SIERRA, and conversations with UC-1, between October 20 and November 8, 2023, I know that UC-1 and SIERRA had continuing conversations about the sale of firearms and narcotics via the Telegram application on the Subject Telephone. On October 25, SIERRA contacted UC-1, informing UC-1 that SIERRA would be meeting with the firearms source to possibly purchase firearms to hold for UC-1. During this conversation, SIERRA also asked UC-1, if he/she wanted to purchase fentanyl or methamphetamine from the source. From October 31 to November 7, SIERRA sent UC-1 photos of several firearms, including a rifle, a shotgun, and a machine gun conversion device, as well as two bags of ammunition for various prices.
- 21. On November 8, 2023, I was present on surveillance, when UC-1 and UC-2, equipped with recording devices, met with SIERRA at SUBJECT PREMISES 2 to purchase six firearms and one machine gun conversion device. On November 14, I later obtained records from Public Storage management showing that SIERRA is the lessee for SUBJECT PREMISES 2.
- 22. Based on my conversations with UC-1 and UC-2 and review of the recording device footage, I know that SIERRA

placed a cardboard box in the UCs' vehicle. Then the UCs directed SIERRA to place the long guns, which were wrapped in a blanket located on the orange cart, a Mavrick Arms Shotgun, model 88 bearing serial number MV51739F, and a Winchester Rifle, Model 70 CAL bearing serial number G2232694, in the trunk of the UCs' vehicle. While inside the UCs' vehicle, SIERRA removed a white plastic bag from the cardboard box. SIERRA gave UC-2 the white plastic bag, which contained eleven rounds of 19 caliber ammunition and nine rounds of assorted 12 caliber ammunition.

- 23. Based on my review of the recorded footage, I am also aware of the following:
- a. SIERRA placed a pistol lock box on the center console of the UCs' vehicle and handed UC-2 the cardboard box. Inside the cardboard box were a Walther pistol Model PP bearing serial number 358038, and a machinegun conversion device. Inside the lock box was a Sig Sauer pistol Model P226 bearing serial number U 374 094, and a magazine loaded with ten rounds of 9 caliber ammunition. Additionally, SIERRA handed the UCs 0.98 gross grams of suspected methamphetamine as a free sample.

 SIERRA stated to the UCs that if the UCs wanted to purchase more methamphetamine from the source of the sample, they should inform SIERRA and he would facilitate the sale.
- b. SIERRA then received a message on the cellular phone associated with the Subject Telephone, which he was holding in his hand. SIERRA told the UCs he was going to go pick up the other two firearms from the firearms source and then come back.

- c. After SIERRA met with his source, SIERRA gave UC-2 a plastic bag. Contained inside the plastic bag were two firearms: A Smith & Wesson pistol Model SW40VE bearing serial number RBP3237, and a Smith & Wesson revolver Model 442 bearing serial number CXB1749. Additionally, the plastic bag contained twelve rounds of 40 caliber ammunition and ten rounds of 38 caliber ammunition.
- d. SIERRA agreed to exchange phone numbers with UC-2. While still in the UCs' vehicle, UC-2 dictated his/her telephone number to SIERRA. SIERRA entered UC-2's telephone number into his device and placed a call. The number 310-978-7198 (i.e., the Subject Telephone) then appeared on UC-2's device.
- 24. I was informed by UC-2 that after the November 8, 2023 controlled firearms purchase, SIERRA was in constant contact with UC-2 via text message on the Subject Telephone. Throughout UC-2's communication with SIERRA on the Subject Telephone, SIERRA consistently offered UC-2 various types of firearms and provided photographs of those firearms for sale. SIERRA additionally provided UC-2 with information about SIERRA's multiple firearm sources located outside of California.
 - E. Agents Review Surveillance Footage Capturing SIERRA At SUBJECT PREMISES 2 on Two of the Days of the Controlled Purchases
- 25. On or about December 18, 2023, law enforcement agents conducted surveillance of **SUBJECT PREMISES 2**. That same day, I reviewed surveillance footage from the Public Storage facility leading to **SUBJECT PREMISES 2** for the dates of September 28,

- 2023, and November 8, 2023. On both dates, SIERRA is seen driving SUBJECT VEHICLE 1 towards the entry/exit gate of the Public Storage facility, and entering the gate. SIERRA then drives and parks SUBJECT VEHICLE 1 in front of the entrance to building 1930 of the Public Storage facility. SIERRA is also captured on video exiting SUBJECT VEHICLE 1, entering a code to unlock the building door, and entering the building. Hallway cameras show SIERRA navigate the building and elevator toward his storage unit (identified as C231; i.e., SUBJECT PREMISES 2).
- 26. Specifically, according to surveillance footage, on September 28, when SIERRA reentered the elevator after going to SUBJECT PREMISES 2, there was a bulge in the right pocket of SIERRA's pants that was not there previously.
- 27. Specifically, according to surveillance footage, on the date of November 8, 2023, SIERRA entered the elevator on the first floor with an orange moving cart. SIERRA exited the elevator with what appear to be firearms covered by a blanket on the orange moving cart. The firearms covered by a blanket on the orange moving cart were consistent with the firearms that were sold to UC-1 and UC-2 on November 8, 2023. Surveillance recordings also showed that SIERRA met with the individual believed to be SIERRA's source of firearms in the front parking lot of the Public Storage facility two times during the controlled purchase on November 8, 2023. The firearms source was seen on surveillance recordings handing SIERRA firearms which

were consistent with the firearms that UC-1 and UC-2 later purchased from **SIERRA** that day.

- F. On December 19, 2023, SIERRA Sells UC-2 One Firearm.
- 28. Based on my review of messages with UC-2 and SIERRA, between November 8 and December 19, 2023, UC-2 and SIERRA had consistent conversations about the sale of firearms via direct text message through the Subject Telephone. Specifically, On December 18, SIERRA sent a picture to UC-2 of a Ruger Pistol and informed UC-2 that the Ruger Pistol was for sale. On December 19, UC-2 confirmed with SIERRA that UC-2 was interested in purchasing the Ruger.
- 29. On December 19, 2023, UC-2 purchased a Ruger Pistol, model CCI bearing serial number 323-91154 from **SIERRA** at the location of 1622 E. Palm Ave in El Segundo, California. I have reviewed recording device footage, the reports from this event, and had a conversation with UC-1, and am aware of the following:
- a. Prior to the UC arriving, surveillance units observed SIERRA leave from the direction of SUBJECT PREMISES 1.
- b. During the controlled purchase, SIERRA handed UC-2 a Ruger Pistol model CCI bearing serial number 323-91154 in exchange for \$1,000. SIERRA discussed with UC-2 that SIERRA is working with a Texas firearm source to transfer more firearms from Texas to Los Angeles.
- c. After the controlled purchase, SIERRA exited the UC's vehicle and walked back in the direction of SUBJECT

 PREMISES 1, which is located less than a block away.

 Surveillance units observed SIERRA enter the apartment complex

of SUBJECT PREMISES 1 and walk in the direction of SUBJECT PREMISES 1. Due to SUBJECT PREMISES 1 being located at the far east corner of the apartment complex and all apartment unit doors facing inward to an interior courtyard not visible to the street, surveillance units did not have the ability to observe SIERRA walk directly into SUBJECT PREMISES 1.

G. SIERRA Does Not Have A License To Deal Firearms

30. ATF maintains a database of individuals that possess a federal firearms license ("FFL"). An FFL allows an individual to legally engage in the business of dealing firearms. On October 6, 2023, an ATF Industry Operations Investigator checked available internal ATF databases to determine whether SIERRA possessed an FFL. Based on my review of a report, SIERRA is not in the database as a current, former, or pending applicant or licensee.

V. TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE ON DRUG OFFENSES

- 31. Based on my training and experience and familiarity with investigations into drug trafficking conducted by other law enforcement agents, I know the following:
- a. Drug trafficking is a business that involves numerous co-conspirators, from lower-level dealers to higher-level suppliers, as well as associates to process, package, and deliver the drugs and launder the drug proceeds. Drug traffickers often travel by car, bus, train, or airplane, both domestically and to foreign countries, in connection with their illegal activities in order to meet with co-conspirators, conduct drug transactions, and transport drugs or drug proceeds.

- b. Drug traffickers often maintain books, receipts, notes, ledgers, bank records, and other records relating to the manufacture, transportation, ordering, sale and distribution of illegal drugs. The aforementioned records are often maintained where drug traffickers have ready access to them, such as on their cell phones and other digital devices, and in their residences.
- c. Communications between people buying and selling drugs take place by telephone calls and messages, such as email, text messages, and social media messaging applications, sent to and from cell phones and other digital devices. This includes sending photos or videos of the drugs between the seller and the buyer, the negotiation of price, and discussion of whether or not participants will bring weapons to a deal. In addition, it is common for people engaged in drug trafficking to have photos and videos on their cell phones of drugs they or others working with them possess, as they frequently send these photos to each other and others to boast about the drugs or facilitate drug sales.
- d. Drug traffickers often keep the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of their drug trafficking associates on their digital devices and in their residence. Drug traffickers often keep records of meetings with associates, customers, and suppliers on their digital devices and in their residence, including in the form of calendar entries and location data.
- e. Drug traffickers often use vehicles to transport their narcotics and may keep stashes of narcotics in their

vehicles in the event of an unexpected opportunity to sell narcotics arises.

- f. Drug traffickers often maintain on hand large amounts of United States currency in order to maintain and finance their ongoing drug trafficking businesses, which operate on a cash basis. Such currency is often stored in their residences and vehicles.
- g. Drug traffickers often keep drugs in places where they have ready access and control, such as at their residence or in safes. They also often keep other items related to their drug trafficking activities at their residence, such as digital scales, packaging materials, and proceeds of drug trafficking. These items are often small enough to be easily hidden and thus may be kept at a drug trafficker's residence even if the drug trafficker lives with others who may be unaware of his criminal activity.
- h. It is common for drug traffickers to own multiple phones of varying sophistication and cost as a method to diversify communications between various customers and suppliers. These phones range from sophisticated smart phones using digital communications applications such as Blackberry Messenger, WhatsApp, and the like, to cheap, simple, and often prepaid flip phones, known colloquially as "drop phones," for actual voice communications.

VI. TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE ON FIREARMS OFFENSES

32. From my training, personal experience, and the collective experiences related to me by other law enforcement

officers who conduct who conduct firearms investigations, I am aware of the following:

- a. Persons who possess, purchase, or sell firearms generally maintain records of their firearm transactions as items of value and usually keep them in their residence, or in places that are readily accessible, and under their physical control, such in their digital devices. It has been my experience that prohibited individuals who own firearms illegally will keep the contact information of the individual who is supplying firearms to prohibited individuals or other individuals involved in criminal activities for future purchases or referrals. Such information is also kept on digital devices.
- b. Many people also keep mementos of their firearms, including digital photographs or recordings of themselves possessing or using firearms on their digital devices. These photographs and recordings are often shared via social media, text messages, and over text messaging applications.
- their firearms and purchase firearms. Correspondence between persons buying and selling firearms often occurs over phone calls, e-mail, text message, and social media message to and from smartphones, laptops, or other digital devices. This includes sending photos of the firearm between the seller and the buyer, as well as negotiation of price. In my experience, individuals who engage in street sales of firearms frequently use phone calls, e-mail, and text messages to communicate with each other regarding firearms that the sell or offer for sale.

In addition, it is common for individuals engaging in the unlawful sale of firearms to have photographs of firearms they or other individuals working with them possess on their cellular phones and other digital devices as they frequently send these photos to each other to boast of their firearms possession and/or to facilitate sales or transfers of firearms.

d. Individuals engaged in the illegal purchase or sale of firearms and other contraband often use multiple digital devices.

VII. TRAINING AND EXPERIENCE ON DIGITAL DEVICES3

- 33. Based on my training, experience, and information from those involved in the forensic examination of digital devices, I know that the following electronic evidence, inter alia, is often retrievable from digital devices:
- d. Forensic methods may uncover electronic files or remnants of such files months or even years after the files have been downloaded, deleted, or viewed via the Internet. Normally, when a person deletes a file on a computer, the data contained in the file does not disappear; rather, the data remain on the hard drive until overwritten by new data, which may only occur after a long period of time. Similarly, files viewed on the

³ As used herein, the term "digital device" includes any electronic system or device capable of storing or processing data in digital form, including central processing units; desktop, laptop, notebook, and tablet computers; personal digital assistants; wireless communication devices, such as paging devices, mobile telephones, and smart phones; digital cameras; gaming consoles; peripheral input/output devices, such as keyboards, printers, scanners, monitors, and drives; related communications devices, such as modems, routers, cables, and connections; storage media; and security devices.

Internet are often automatically downloaded into a temporary directory or cache that are only overwritten as they are replaced with more recently downloaded or viewed content and may also be recoverable months or years later.

- e. Digital devices often contain electronic evidence related to a crime, the device's user, or the existence of evidence in other locations, such as, how the device has been used, what it has been used for, who has used it, and who has been responsible for creating or maintaining records, documents, programs, applications, and materials on the device. That evidence is often stored in logs and other artifacts that are not kept in places where the user stores files, and in places where the user may be unaware of them. For example, recoverable data can include evidence of deleted or edited files; recently used tasks and processes; online nicknames and passwords in the form of configuration data stored by browser, e-mail, and chat programs; attachment of other devices; times the device was in use; and file creation dates and sequence.
- f. The absence of data on a digital device may be evidence of how the device was used, what it was used for, and who used it. For example, showing the absence of certain software on a device may be necessary to rebut a claim that the device was being controlled remotely by such software.
- g. Digital device users can also attempt to conceal data by using encryption, steganography, or by using misleading filenames and extensions. Digital devices may also contain "booby traps" that destroy or alter data if certain procedures

are not scrupulously followed. Law enforcement continuously develops and acquires new methods of decryption, even for devices or data that cannot currently be decrypted.

- 34. Based on my training, experience, and information from those involved in the forensic examination of digital devices, I know that it is not always possible to search devices for data during a search of the premises for a number of reasons, including the following:
- a. Digital data are particularly vulnerable to inadvertent or intentional modification or destruction. Thus, often a controlled environment with specially trained personnel may be necessary to maintain the integrity of and to conduct a complete and accurate analysis of data on digital devices, which may take substantial time, particularly as to the categories of electronic evidence referenced above. Also, there are now so many types of digital devices and programs that it is difficult to bring to a search site all of the specialized manuals, equipment, and personnel that may be required.
- b. Digital devices capable of storing multiple gigabytes are now commonplace. As an example of the amount of data this equates to, one gigabyte can store close to 19,000 average file size (300kb) Word documents, or 614 photos with an average size of 1.5MB.
- 35. The search warrant requests authorization to use the biometric unlock features of a device, based on the following, which I know from my training, experience, and review of publicly available materials:

- a. Users may enable a biometric unlock function on some digital devices. To use this function, a user generally displays a physical feature, such as a fingerprint, face, or eye, and the device will automatically unlock if that physical feature matches one the user has stored on the device. To unlock a device enabled with a fingerprint unlock function, a user places one or more of the user's fingers on a device's fingerprint scanner for approximately one second. To unlock a device enabled with a facial, retina, or iris recognition function, the user holds the device in front of the user's face with the user's eyes open for approximately one second.
- b. In some circumstances, a biometric unlock function will not unlock a device even if enabled, such as when a device has been restarted or inactive, has not been unlocked for a certain period of time (often 48 hours or less), or after a certain number of unsuccessful unlock attempts. Thus, the opportunity to use a biometric unlock function even on an enabled device may exist for only a short time. I do not know the passcodes of the devices likely to be found in the search.
- 36. Thus, the warrant I am applying for would permit law enforcement personnel to, with respect to any device that appears to have a biometric sensor and falls within the scope of the warrant: (1) depress SIERRA's thumb- and/or fingers on the device(s); and (2) hold the device(s) in front of SIERRA's face with his or her eyes open to activate the facial-, iris-, and/or retina-recognition feature.

37. Other than what has been described herein, to my knowledge, the United States has not attempted to obtain this data by other means.

VIII. CONCLUSION

38. For all of the reasons described above, there is probable cause to believe that SIERRA has committed a violation of 21 U.S.C. § 841(a)(1), (b)(1)(B) (Distribution of a Controlled Substance). There is also probable cause that the items listed in Attachment B, which constitute evidence, fruits and instrumentalities of the Subject Offenses, will be found in a search of the SUBJECT PREMISES described in Attachment A-1 and A-2, the SUBJECT VEHICLES described in Attachment A-3 and A-4, and the person of SIERRA described in Attachment A-5.

Attested to by the applicant in accordance with the requirements of Fed. R. Crim. P. 4.1 by telephone on this 29th day of January, 2024.

THE HONORABLE CHARLES EICK

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE